**Introduction Quiz**

1. Why would you use the Azure Cloud Shell instead of the Azure CLI or PowerShell?
2. The Cloud Shell can be used entirely in a web browser and can be used across multiple devices.
3. The Cloud Shell is free for 12 months.
4. The Cloud Shell gets new features first.
5. You can update the Cloud Shell independently of Azure CLI and Azure PowerShell.

Answer: - A

1. What are some of the limitations with a free Azure account?
2. You can only create a free Azure account with a US address.
3. Included Azure credits will expire after 30 days, and included free services expire after 12 months.
4. A free account only allows access to all services for 30 days, after which only free services are available.
5. Azure free accounts are only valid in certain promotional periods, such as when new services are launched.

Answer: - B

1. What are some of the key advantages of using ARM templates for creating cloud infrastructure?

Choose 3

1. Declarative.
2. Faster processing in the Azure Resource Manager.
3. Service integrations.
4. Source Control.
5. Idempotency.

Answer: - A, C, D

1. What are three uses for the Azure mobile app?

Choose 3

1. Accessing a small portion of the Azure Portal on the go.
2. Maintain an insight on the go into the current status and health of your Azure environment.
3. Respond to outages and emergencies from anywhere you have an internet connection.
4. It is an alternative to using the Azure Portal for everyday tasks such as creating resources and analysing Azure Monitor logs.

Answer:- A, B, C

1. What is a PowerShell cmdlet?
2. A piece of advice from Microsoft about PowerShell updates.
3. A PowerShell scripting language specifically for Azure.
4. A lightweight command that is used in the PowerShell environment to perform an action.
5. A lightweight version of PowerShell that can run on mobile devices.

Answer: - C

**Cloud Concepts Quiz**

1. What is a benefit of a hybrid cloud approach?
2. All maintenance is handled by Microsoft Azure so it reduces support costs.
3. It enables companies to use a mix of private and public cloud components.
4. Using alternative energy sources for powering some services can create tax benefits in some regions.
5. It requires no changes to existing code or applications, allowing companies to scale their infrastructure into the cloud.

Answer: - B

1. What is "serverless" computing?
2. A theory for making computing completely cloud-based for certain scenarios.
3. A simpler version of Platform-as-a-Service.
4. It enables developers to build applications faster by eliminating the need for them to manage infrastructure.
5. An application that is running on the cloud platform without the use of servers.

Answer: - C

1. What is high availability in cloud computing?
2. If one resource on Azure dies unexpectedly, another resource will almost instantly take over the workload.
3. Azure will provide an infinite number of resources to your application to make sure it always runs optimally.
4. Microsoft guarantees you will always have access to the resources on Azure.
5. High availability refers to the availability of the Azure Portal. You can always get access to an overview of what your Azure services are doing.

Answer :- A

1. Why is cloud agility important for businesses?
2. To be able to quickly scale resources when needed at short notice.
3. To automatically improve the fidelity of resource usage and utilize the platform better.
4. To increase the return on investment from using cloud elasticity.
5. To enable the ability to rapidly develop, test and launch software applications that drive business growth.

Answer :- D

1. What is the difference between OPEX and CAPEX?
2. OPEX is an ongoing cost for running a business. CAPEX is the cost of acquiring and maintaining assets.
3. OPEX is costs for acquiring assets. CAPEX is an ongoing cost for running a business.
4. OPEX is better return on investment in the short term. CAPEX is better return on investment in the long term.
5. OPEX is a cost on services you don't own, such as cloud computing. CAPEX is a cost of ownership.

Answer: - A

1. What are the two types of scaling on Azure?
2. Scaling out and scaling across.
3. Scale Sets and High Availability
4. Scaling up/down, and scaling out.
5. There is only one type of scaling: scaling up/down.

Answer: - C

1. Select all the true statements per Microsoft's definitions of cloud types.

Choose 3

1. Private Clouds can be hosted at your datacenter or hosted by a third-party service. Private Clouds offer advantages of flexibility, control, and scalability. In a Private Cloud, infrastructure and services exist on hardware and software dedicated to your organization.
2. In Private Clouds, your cloud infrastructure is physically isolated from other organizations.
3. A hybrid cloud combines a public cloud (such as Azure) with on-premises infrastructure (private cloud).
4. Public Clouds generally cost more than private clouds, but are generally less reliable than on-premises infrastructure (private cloud).

Answer: - A, B, C

1. What is consumption-based pricing on Azure?
2. Consumption-based pricing is when you are charged for only what you use (Pay-As-You-Go rate).
3. Some core services on Azure are consumed constantly to keep your applications running. You pay for this consumption.
4. Any service you use on Azure has a consumption component as part of the pricing.
5. Consumption based pricing is the model for paying for any services on a free Azure account.

Answer:- A

1. How does scalability on Azure work?
2. If an account has more than one Azure region active, resources can be copied between these regions.
3. Scaling of resources on Azure is currently not possible.
4. In Microsoft's definition, scalability is the ability of a system to handle increased load. Services covered by Azure Autoscale can match demand to the needed workload.
5. Any Virtual Machine can quickly expand or decrease compute resources.

Answer: - C

1. What does fault tolerance describe for cloud computing?
2. A system within Azure that uses cloud computing resources to mitigate faults quickly.
3. The ability for multiple regions within Azure to "cover" each other in case of an outage.
4. A complete plan to recover critical business systems and normal operations, in case of a disaster.
5. Ensure services and applications remain available in the event of a failure.

Answer:- D

1. Which cloud ability does elasticity describe?
2. The ability to quickly expand or decrease computer processing, memory and storage resources.
3. Elasticity is the same as scalability and describes an increase in resources.
4. The ability to turn resources on and off quickly across regions.
5. The ability to create identical resources in multiple locations globally.

Answer:- A

1. What does Infrastructure-as-a-Service describe?
2. Any service on Azure that you can rent or buy upfront.
3. A complete development and deployment environment in the cloud, with resources that enable you to deliver everything from simple cloud-based apps to sophisticated, cloud-enabled enterprise applications.
4. A type of cloud computing service that offers essential compute, storage and networking resources on demand, on a pay-as-you-go basis.
5. A type of cloud computing service that allows users to connect to and use cloud-based apps over the Internet.

Answer: - C

**Azure Architecture Quiz**

1. Select all the true statements regarding Azure Resource Manager (Choose 3).

Choose 3

1. Azure Resource Manager is the deployment and management service for Azure.
2. If a user sends a request from any Azure tools, APIs, or SDKs, Azure Resource Manager handles the request.
3. Azure Resource Manager enables the managing of your infrastructure through scripts rather than declarative templates.
4. Azure Resource Manager always deploy resources in the same consistent state.

Answer: - A, B, D

1. Which statement is true of resource groups in Azure?
2. It is a container that holds related resources for an Azure solution.
3. Resource groups are transferrable between regions.
4. Resource groups can only hold foundational resource types.
5. Resource groups don't contain any data, and are assigned rather than created.

Answer: - A

1. What is an Azure region?
2. A collection of similar services that can be hosted in an Azure data centre.
3. A set of data centers, deployed within a latency-defined perimeter and connected through a dedicated regional low-latency network.
4. A geographical part of the Azure platform.
5. One or more datacenters equipped with independent power, cooling, and networking.

Answer: - B

1. What is an availability zone?
2. Unique physical locations within a region. Each zone is made up of one or more datacenters equipped with independent power, cooling, and networking.
3. One or more data centers that are close together to provide backup.
4. A collection of software that can enable high scalability at short notice.
5. A set of data centers close together.

Answer: -A

1. When can you remove a resource group from Azure?
2. At any time.
3. Resource groups can be removed when an account is deactivated.
4. When all the resources in the resource group have stopped.
5. Only when the resource group is empty.

Answer: - A

**Compute Quiz**

1. Which definition best describes compute on Microsoft Azure?
2. An optional component to improve the efficiency of Azure.
3. A Virtual Machine.
4. Any service that performs or enables a computation.
5. Any serverless service, such as Azure Functions.

Answer: - C

1. What is an Azure Function?

Choose 2

1. A foundational component of any Azure infrastructure.
2. A serverless service on Azure.
3. A function to update any resources on Azure.
4. An add-on to any paid Azure subscription that allows using Azure services as functions in your applications.
5. A single unit of compute that is triggered by a separate process.

Answer: - B, E

1. What is a scale set?
2. A set of Virtual Machines running in the same datacentre.
3. A set of similar services that all work together for a service or application.
4. Azure virtual machine scale sets let you create and manage a group of load balanced VMs.
5. A range of sizes of Virtual Machines ready to take over a workload.

Answer: - C

1. Your company has suddenly got a bunch of new remote employees, who all need a Windows environment to work from. Which is the best Azure solution to get them up and running quickly?
2. Virtual Machine with Windows 10.
3. Azure Kubernetes Services
4. Buy preconfigured laptop devices to connect directly to Azure VMs.
5. Azure Virtual Desktop (formerly Windows Virtual Desktop).

Answer:- D

1. What are some benefits of using a Virtual Machine on Azure?
2. Owning the hardware but Azure maintains it.
3. No maintenance of hardware and only paying for what you use.
4. Much cheaper than running your own servers.
5. Much higher performance of your applications.

Answer:- B

1. What is a fully managed platform on Azure?
2. You can pay a monthly fee to have Microsoft look after the maintenance of your applications and services on Azure.
3. The fully managed platform on Azure is a specific subscription that provides extra support for your Azure services.
4. Servers, network, storage and more is all managed by Azure. You focus on your business value and logic.
5. Every part of your Azure services are looked after by Microsoft. This means you don't have to worry about your application development.

Answer:- C

1. Which cloud service model do Virtual Machines belong to?
2. Platform-as-a-Service.
3. Serverless.
4. Infrastructure-as-a-Service.
5. Software-as-a-Service.

Answer:- C

**Networking Quiz**

1. What is an address space on a Virtual Network?
2. A definition of what types of resources can connect to either a private or public network hosted on Azure.
3. A reserved number of public IP addresses that you can use to connect a Virtual Network to the public Internet.
4. An address space is a range of IP addresses that can be assigned to resources attached to the Virtual Network.
5. A portion of the complete address space for a given Azure subscription can be assigned to a Virtual Network.

Answer :- C

1. Which of the following is a function of an Azure VPN Gateway?
2. To make sure the connection from a Virtual Network to the Internet is secure.
3. To handle any suspicious activity trying to access your Azure subscription.
4. To send encrypted traffic between an Azure Virtual Network and an on-premises location over the public Internet.
5. To balance data coming into your Azure services from an external private network.
6. To manage the IP addresses for an Azure Subscription and to ensure only secure traffic is allowed.

Answer:- C

1. Which benefits does adding a load balancer provide?

Choose 3

1. When there is too much incoming network traffic for a single VM to handle, a load balancer can distribute the load to many VMs.
2. When a Virtual disk is running out of space on a Virtual Machine the incoming data can be directed to another Virtual Machine to manage the load.
3. A load balancer ensures that the load is evenly distributed between 2-5 Virtual Machines.
4. A load balancer can log traffic that passes through it.
5. To ensure only healthy servers process requests

Answer :- A, D, E

1. What is the best scenario for using Azure ExpressRoute?
2. Connecting your on-premises datacenter with Azure, where the connection needs to be secure and fast.
3. Connecting your on-premises datacenter with Azure, where the connection needs to be secure and cost-effective.
4. Connecting your multi-cloud infrastructure between providers for added speed and security.
5. ExpressRoute can only be used to and from Azure, and not to other cloud providers.

Answer: - A

1. In which scenario would you use an Application Gateway?

Choose 2

1. To manage the IP addresses for an Azure Subscription and to ensure only secure traffic is allowed.
2. To make sure the connection from a Virtual Network to the Internet is secure.
3. For incoming traffic, to make routing decisions based on additional attributes of an HTTP request, such as URI path or host headers.
4. To send encrypted traffic between an Azure Virtual Network and an on-premises location over the public Internet.
5. If traffic with specific properties needs to be processed by a particular VM.

Answer:- C, E

1. How do resources on Azure use a virtual network?
2. All resources must be connected to a Virtual Network to use the Azure platform.
3. Any resource that communicates with the public Internet has to be on a Virtual Network.
4. Resources on a free account don't have to be on a Virtual Network to use Azure.
5. Azure virtual network enables Azure resources to securely communicate with each other, the internet, and on-premises networks.

Answer:- D

**Storage Quiz**

1. What are valid managed disk storage types on Azure?

Choose 3

1. Premium HDD
2. Ultra Disk
3. Premium Disk
4. HDD
5. Slow HDD
6. Premium SSD

Answer :- B, D, F

1. What type of storage is archive storage?
2. Archive storage
3. Disk storage
4. File storage
5. Blob storage

Answer:- D

1. Which types of blobs are supported by Azure storage?

Choose 3

1. Standard blob.
2. File blob.
3. Page blob.
4. Block blob.
5. Append blob.
6. Fast blob.

Answer:- C, D, E

1. What is a scenario where file storage is a good solution?
2. Store files larger than 2 GB.
3. Use Azure File Storage to supplement your on-premises file storage.
4. Temporary file storage for a web application.
5. Archive large amounts of data.

Answer:- B

1. What significance does the name for your Azure storage account have?
2. The name you give the storage account becomes the main web address for accessing the files in it. It must be unique across all of Azure.
3. Each storage account name is linked to a set of users that can access it.
4. The name you give the storage account becomes the main web address for accessing the files in it. It must be unique within your Azure subscription.
5. No significance. You can name a storage account what you want.

Answer:- A

1. What can you store in a blob container inside Azure Storage?
2. Any kind of binary file that is less than 4096KB in size.
3. Only known binary formats such as images, video and text documents.
4. Binary files that comply with the Azure data types defined for the storage type.
5. Any kind of binary file, such as videos, images, documents and applications.

Answer:- D

1. What is the primary use for disk storage?
2. To attach to a Virtual Machine to act as a Virtual hard drive.
3. Store files larger than 2GB.
4. Attach to a load balancer to increase performance and throughput.
5. Backup facility for Virtual Machines.
6. Archive large amounts of data.

Answer:- A

**Database Quiz**

1. What is the difference between Microsoft SQL Server and Azure SQL?
2. Azure SQL is faster than Microsoft SQL Server.
3. Microsoft SQL Server is a managed service, meaning Azure takes care of all the infrastructure maintenance.
4. Microsoft SQL Server is faster than Azure SQL.
5. Azure SQL is a managed service, meaning Azure takes care of all the infrastructure maintenance.

Answer:- D

1. What are the advantages of Cosmos DB?

Choose 3

1. Near-Infinite scaling to handle any demand.
2. Improved Azure Portal experience for managing the various Cosmos DB locations in your application.
3. A large range of tools to work with Cosmos DB, such as SDKs, APIs and more.
4. Great backup facilities for other Azure services, such as App Services and Azure Functions.
5. Very cheap data storage.
6. Very low latency.

Answer:- A, C, F

1. What are the advantages of using a database for storing data?

Choose 2

1. It is a very powerful way of getting the data out in exactly the format you want.
2. It is a much cheaper option than using regular Azure Storage.
3. They offer the ability to sort and index data.
4. Databases are more secure for storing data than regular Azure Storage.
5. You can manage access to data in a database more granularly than for any other type of storage.
6. You can store more data in less space due to the compression algorithms used by databases.

Answer:- A, C

1. What are the valid online (continuous sync) source databases for the Azure Database Migration Service when migrating to Azure DB for PostgreSQL? (Choose 2).
2. MySQL
3. PostgreSQL
4. RDS PostgreSQL
5. Oracle

Answer:- B, C

1. What is a recommended use case for Azure SQL?
2. Migrate Cosmos DB data if only a single geographical location is used.
3. Migrate all instances of Microsoft SQL Server to Azure SQL to improve security and reduce cost.
4. Migrate your on-premises SQL Server instances directly to Azure and get all the benefits of managed instances.
5. Update on-premises SQL Server to gain better performance and lower cost.

Answer:- C

**Authentication and Authorization Quiz**

1. What is a definition of Authentication?
2. The ability of a system to determine your location when accessing it.
3. Confirmation of your identity for a system.
4. Being able to log into the Azure Portal from anywhere.
5. Determination of access to a system based on authorization.

Answer:- B

1. What is a definition of Authorization?
2. Determination of access to a system based on assigned roles/permissions.
3. Being able to log into the Azure Portal from anywhere.
4. The ability of a system to determine your location when accessing it.
5. Confirmation of your identity for a system.

Answer:- A

1. If you have multiple applications in Azure Active Directory that you want users to access, which is the best way to handle user access?
2. Using Single Sign-On.
3. Use the in-built premium authentication service.
4. Using Multi-factor Authentication.
5. Provide each user with a password for each app, as this is most secure.

Answer:- A

1. Which are authentication methods used to verify a user with multi-factor authentication?

Choose 3

1. Something you know.
2. Something you can recall quickly.
3. Something you feel.
4. Something you say.
5. Something you have.
6. Something you are.

Answer:- A, E, F

**Azure Solutions Quiz**

1. What is the best definition of Azure DevOps?
2. A way to write better code and find bugs faster.
3. Azure DevOps is a suite of 5 different tools to create more robust software, faster.
4. A platform to manage Azure resources meant for development, such as App Services, Azure Functions and Visual Studio Online.
5. A specific section of the Azure Portal where you can manage operational parts of your infrastructure.

Answer:- B

1. Which are Internet of Things services on Azure?

Choose 2

1. IoT Hub.
2. IoT Management Studio.
3. IoT Virtual Box.
4. IoT Services.
5. IoT Central.
6. IoT App Services.

Answer:- A, E

1. What are some of the likely outcomes from using Azure Data Lake Analytics to analyze Big Data?

Choose 3

1. Cheaper and more accessible cloud computing products.
2. Can lead to a cost reduction on data storage.
3. Create products better aligned to customer needs.
4. More secure access to company infrastructure.
5. Better decision-making from immediate analysis.
6. A decoupling of business decisions from the development of new products.

Answer:- B, C, E

1. Which of the following are tools in Azure DevOps?

Choose 3

1. Azure Artifacts.
2. Azure Boards.
3. Azure Operations.
4. Azure Pipelines.
5. Azure Deployment.
6. Azure Automation.

Answer:- A, B, D

1. When would you use Azure Logic Apps to solve a problem?

Choose 2

1. If there are too many integration points to handle with Azure Functions.
2. When a Function can't solve a problem as a single task.
3. When you have to use more than one Azure subscription.
4. If you have to integrate very different systems inside and outside of Azure.
5. If you have to send emails as part of your workflow when processing data from multiple data sources.

Answer:- D, E

1. What is the purpose of "models" in Machine Learning and Artificial Intelligence?
2. The size and capacity of the Machine Learning service.
3. The definition of what you want your Machine Learning implementation to learn.
4. The framework for integrating other Azure services with your particular Machine Learning instance.
5. Defining the version of your Machine Learning application.

Answer:- B

**Security Quiz**

1. What is the purpose of having defense in depth?
2. To ensure multi-cloud strategies don't compromise the Azure infrastructure.
3. To use multiple Azure regions for fail-over protection in case of service outages.
4. To use machine learning models to improve the defense measures of your Azure infrastructure.
5. To provide several layers of defense for your resources, data and assets.

Answer:- D

1. What does Advanced Threat Protection do?
2. Help an organization to classify and optionally, protect its documents and emails by applying labels.
3. Protect your privacy when sharing access to Azure resources with third parties.
4. Find vulnerabilities in the data passed to an Azure service in your subscription.
5. Helps you monitor user behaviour in your on-premises and cloud environments.

Answer:- D

1. Which statements are true about Azure Key Vault?

Choose 2

1. Azure Key Vault defines security policies for Azure services.
2. You can share a password with a third party to use, without ever revealing the password itself.
3. Access to secrets and passwords can be granted or denied very fast and as needed.
4. Azure Key Vault removes the need for passwords in your services.
5. A third party app can pass access to a secret to another third party app, if authorized in the Azure Portal.

Answer:- B, C

1. If you don't want to share the hardware your VMs run on, how can you manage that in Azure?
2. Use Azure Dedicated Hosts.
3. Use Azure Security Center to create a private zone for your VM cluster.
4. Secure the Network Connection to your VM using a Network Security Group.
5. Use Premium tier virtual machines.

Answer:- A

1. There is a potential threat to your Azure infrastructure from an outside attacker. Which service is best for detecting the threat and taking action?
2. Key Vault
3. Defense in Depth
4. Azure Security Center
5. Azure Sentinel

Answer:- D

**Privacy, Compliance and Trust Quiz**

1. What is a security policy in Security Center?
2. A security policy outlines the necessary security measures for a compliant service in Azure.
3. A more detailed version of the settings for an Azure service. You can also automate them.
4. A security policy is a set of rules that Azure can use to evaluate if your configuration of a service is valid.
5. The individual user settings for using the Security Center.

Answer:- C

1. What are types of locks in Azure?

Choose 2

1. Delete.
2. Read-only.
3. Closed.
4. Update.
5. Open.
6. Create-only.

Answer:- A, B

1. What is the service for managing privacy on Azure called?
2. Azure Privacy Portal.
3. It depends on your subscription level.
4. Azure Privacy Center.
5. Azure User Safety Portal.
6. There isn't a single service, as privacy is part of every service on Azure.

Answer:- E

1. What are features of role based access control?

Choose 2

1. Define which users have access to specific Azure resources.
2. Tiered privacy protection for users within your Azure Tenant.
3. Define which actions users can take on a resource.
4. Use any of the five predefined roles to make user management simple and straightforward.
5. Multi-factor authentication.

Answer:- A, C

1. Which companies must comply with General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) requirements?
2. Only companies in Europe.
3. Any company in the world that has an online presence.
4. Companies of any country must adhere to GDPR if their users and customers are located in the European Union.
5. Only companies that are headquartered within the European Union.

Answer:- C

1. What is special about the China region in Azure?

Choose 3

1. It is priced purely in Chinese Yuan and not American Dollars.
2. You are guaranteed to be compliant with all Chinese data and IT regulations.
3. You have to be a Chinese citizen to use the China region.
4. All Azure services are physically located inside China.
5. All customer data is guaranteed to be geographically within China.

Answer:- B, D, E

1. Which services can feed data into Azure Monitor?
2. Only on-premises services that connect to an Azure service.
3. Both Azure services and on-premises services.
4. All services that are hosted on Azure itself.
5. Only Azure services that are available on a premium subscription.

Answer:- B

1. What are the Microsoft services that can tell you more about trust in the Azure platform?

Choose 2

1. There isn't a single service, as trust is part of every service on Azure.
2. Azure Privacy Portal.
3. Trust Center.
4. Azure User Safety Portal.
5. Service Trust Portal.

Answer:- C, E

**Pricing Quiz**

1. Which features are in Azure Cost Management?

Choose 2

1. Visualize current costs for your Azure account.
2. Potential discounts through gamification of using best practices.
3. Recommendations to move services between Azure regions to save on cost.
4. Visualize future costs for your Azure account.
5. Automatic shutdown of services that haven't been used for a set period of time.

Answer:- A, D

1. Which factors have an influence on the cost of using products and services on Azure?

Choose 3

1. How much bandwidth you will use.
2. Resource size.
3. Resource usage. The more you use it, the cheaper it gets.
4. The location of the service or resource.
5. The age of the resource.

Answer:- A, B, D

1. How are Azure subscriptions related to pricing?
2. If you lock subscriptions in for 1 or 3 years, the services within it go down in price.
3. The more subscriptions you have the cheaper each resource will get.
4. The billing of Azure resources in your account is generated at the subscription scope.
5. The price of a subscription depends on the location of your company or personal address.

Answer:- C

1. To limit spending on Azure, what is a recommended best practice?
2. Use Azure spending limits on resources and services.
3. Monitor frequently used services and keep track of any excess usage using the Azure Spending Manager.
4. Use the subscription credit limits, which are built into all Azure subscriptions.
5. Use Azure Alerts to get notified of when spending exceeds the subscription limits.

Answer:- A

1. Which Azure calculator would you use to figure out monthly costs for Azure services?
2. Total Cost of Ownership Calculator.
3. Azure Service Calculator.
4. Azure Pricing Calculator.
5. Azure Portal Service Estimation.

Answer:- C

**Support Quiz**

1. Which are valid support channels for Azure?

Choose 3

1. Azure documentation.
2. Technical forums.
3. Phone a friend.
4. Call Azure support on the regional number provided in the Azure Portal to get the quickest support.
5. Social media.
6. Press all the buttons in the Azure Portal.

Answer:- A, B, E

1. How do you sign up for a service level agreement with Azure?
2. In the Azure Portal, go to the service in question and click on the "Service Level Agreement" section.
3. Service level agreements are included with every Azure paid service automatically.
4. Fill out the form on the Microsoft Azure main support page.
5. Call the regional support number as provided in the Azure Portal to discuss the desired level of the agreement.

Answer:- B

1. What is the response time for Severity B on the Professional Direct Support Plan?
2. Within 4 hours.
3. Within 8 hours.
4. Within 2 hours.
5. Within 1 hour.

Answer:- C

1. What kind of questions and answers can you find in the Azure Knowledge Center?
2. Architectural diagrams, white papers and in depth technical articles on how to get the most out of your Azure resources.
3. A selection of the Azure documentation and articles found on TechNet.
4. Common questions asked when first starting to use Azure.
5. Over 100,000 user submitted questions and answers.

Answer:- C

1. How do you submit a support ticket?
2. Through the Azure Support Portal which comes with any paid support plan.
3. Through the Azure Portal.
4. Using the email address support@azure.com, making sure you add your account ID in the subject line.
5. Use the phone number for your region and support level, as noted in the Azure Portal.

Answer:- B